

## Introduction to Abstract Mathematics Fall 2013

## Assignment 12.2 Due December 4

**Exercise 1.** Show that subtraction, as a binary operation on  $\mathbb{Z}$ , is neither associative nor commutative. Do the same for division, as an operation on  $\mathbb{Q} - \{0\}$ .

**Exercise 2.** For  $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$ , define  $a * b = \frac{a+b}{2}$ . Show that \* is a commutative, but non-associative binary operation on  $\mathbb{R}$ .

**Exercise 3.** Let A, B, C, D be sets and let  $f : A \to B, g : B \to C$  and  $h : C \to D$ . be functions. Prove that  $h \circ (g \circ f) = (h \circ g) \circ f$ , i.e. that function composition is associative.

Exercise 4. Recall that the set of symmetries of the square is

$$D_4 = \{R_0, R_1, R_2, R_3, H, V, F_1, F_2\},\$$

where  $R_k$  is counterclockwise rotation by 90k degrees, H is the flip across the horizontal line of symmetry, V is the flip across the vertical line of symmetry,  $F_1$  is the flip across the slope 1 diagonal, and  $F_2$  is the flip across the slope -1 diagonal. Construct the Cayley table for composition as a binary operation on  $D_4$ .