



**Exercise 1.** Express the following statements symbolically.

- a. If anyone in the dorm has the measles, then everyone who has a friend in the dorm will have to be quarantined.
- b. If nobody failed the test, then everyone who got an A will tutor someone who got a D.
- c. If anyone can do it, Jones can.
- d. If Jones can do it, anyone can.

**Exercise 2.** Translate the following symbolic statements into English sentences.

- a.  $(\forall x \in \mathbb{N})[(P(x) \wedge \neg(x = 2)) \Rightarrow O(x)]$ , where  $P(x)$  means “ $x$  is a prime number” and  $O(x)$  means “ $x$  is odd.”
- b.  $(\exists x \in \mathbb{N})[P(x) \wedge (\forall y \in \mathbb{N})(P(y) \Rightarrow y \leq x)]$ , where  $P(x)$  means “ $x$  is a perfect number.”

**Exercise 3.** Are these statements true or false? You may assume all variables belong to the set of all people, and  $P(x, y)$  means “ $x$  is a parent of  $y$ .”

- a.  $\exists x \forall y P(x, y)$
- b.  $\forall x \exists y P(x, y)$
- c.  $\neg \exists x \exists y P(x, y)$
- d.  $\exists x \neg \exists y P(x, y)$
- e.  $\exists x \exists y \neg P(x, y)$

**Exercise 4.** Consider the following statements:

$A$  = “You can fool all of the people some of the time.”

$B$  = “You can fool some of the people all of the time.”

$C$  = “You can’t fool all of the people all of the time.”

If  $F(x, t)$  = “Person  $x$  is fooled at time  $t$ ,” express each of these statements symbolically.