# Math 2326 - Introduction to Abstract Mathematics <br> Assignment 11 - Due Wednesday, February 13 

## Problem 41:

Let

$$
R=\left\{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^{2} \mid x=y r^{2} \text { for some } r \in \mathbb{R}-\{0\}\right\}
$$

a. Prove that $R$ is an equivalence relation on $\mathbb{R}$.
b. If $x \in \mathbb{R}$, find a simple description of $\{y \in \mathbb{R} \mid(x, y) \in R\}$. [Hint: You should consider separately the cases $x<0, x=0$ and $x>0$.]
c. If $\mathbb{R}$ is replaced with $\mathbb{Z}$ everywhere in the definition of $R$, is $R$ an equivalence relation on $\mathbb{Z}$ ?

## Problem 42:

Define a relation $\sim$ on $\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{N}$ by $(a, b) \sim(c, d)$ if and only if $a d-b c=0$. Prove, using only properties of integers (i.e. without introducing fractions), that this is an equivalence relation.

