## Math 2326 - Introduction to Abstract Mathematics Assignment 17 - Due Friday, February 29

Problem 61: Suppose that $a, b, c \in \mathbb{Z}$ with $\operatorname{gcd}(a, b)=1$. Show that if $a$ divides $b c$ then $a$ divides $c$.

Problem 62: Make a multiplication table for $\mathcal{D}_{3}$, the 6 symmetries of the triangle.

Problem 63: (You may, and are encouraged to, use the multiplication table given in class to do parts a and b.)
a. Find the inverses of each element in $\mathcal{D}_{4}$.
b. Compute $R_{90}^{2} D_{1}^{3} H V R_{270}$.
c. Without proof, compute the number of symmetries of the regular pentagon. Do the same for the regular hexagon. In general, how many symmetries of the regular $n$-gon exist for $n \geq 3$ ?

