



**Exercise 47.** Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$  and  $B = \{\diamond, \heartsuit\}$ . Show that there is no injection  $f : A \rightarrow B$ .

**Exercise 48.** Let  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  be a function.

a. If  $A_i \subset X$  for  $i \in I$ , prove that

$$f\left(\bigcap_{i \in I} A_i\right) \subseteq \bigcap_{i \in I} f(A_i).$$

Find an example to show that these two sets need not be equal.

b. If  $B_i \subset Y$  for  $i \in I$ , prove that

$$f^{-1}\left(\bigcap_{i \in I} B_i\right) = \bigcap_{i \in I} f^{-1}(B_i).$$

**Exercise 49.** Show that  $h : [-3, \infty) \rightarrow [1, \infty)$  given by  $h(x) = 1 + \sqrt{x + 3}$  is a bijection.

**Exercise 50.** Let  $A$  be a set. Recall the function  $g : \mathcal{P}(A) \rightarrow \mathcal{P}(A)$  given by  $g(X) = A - X$ . We have already seen that this function is a surjection. Prove that, in fact, it is a bijection.

**Exercise 51.** Let  $A$  be a non-empty set and let  $f : A \rightarrow \mathcal{P}(A)$  be any function. Show that  $f$  is *not* surjective. *Hint:* Consider  $S = \{a \in A \mid a \notin f(a)\} \in \mathcal{P}(A)$ .