

Number Theory I Spring 2018

Assignment 5.1 Due February 14

Exercise 1. Solve the linear congruence, if possible. Feel free to use a computer to find GCDs and modular inverses.

- **a.** $377x \equiv 300 \pmod{479}$
- **b.** $212x \equiv 136 \pmod{872}$
- **c.** $885x \equiv 217 \pmod{903}$
- **d.** $57x \equiv 66 \pmod{753}$

Exercise 2. Let $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}$, $n \in \mathbb{N}$. Suppose that $d \in \mathbb{N}$ is a common divisor of a, b and n. Prove that

$$a \equiv b \pmod{n} \iff \frac{a}{d} \equiv \frac{b}{d} \pmod{\frac{n}{d}}$$
.

Exercise 3. Let

$$\pi_1(x) = \#\{p \le x \mid p \equiv 1 \pmod{4}\} \text{ and } \pi_3(x) = \#\{p \le x \mid p \equiv 3 \pmod{4}\}.$$

Prove that

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\pi_3(x)}{\pi(x)} = \frac{1}{2} \iff \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\pi_1(x)}{\pi(x)} = \frac{1}{2}.$$

Exercise 4. Let $a \in \mathbb{Z}$, $b \in \mathbb{N}$. Prove that if (a, b) > 1, then $\{p \equiv a \pmod{b} \mid p \text{ is prime}\}$ is finite.