

Number Theory I Spring 2018

## Assignment 7.2 Due February 28

**Exercise 1.** Let  $\alpha : R \to S$  be an isomorphism of rings.

- **a.** Prove that  $\alpha(1_R) = 1_S$ . [Suggestion: The identity in a ring is unique. So it suffices to show  $\alpha(1_R) \cdot s = s \cdot \alpha(1_R) = s$  for all  $s \in S$ . To do this use the surjectivity of  $\alpha$ .]
- **b.** Given  $r \in R$ , prove that  $r \in R^{\times}$  if and only if  $\alpha(r) \in S^{\times}$ . This shows  $\alpha$  maps  $R^{\times}$  bijectively onto  $S^{\times}$ .

**Exercise 2.** Find  $\varphi(n)$  for each value of *n* below.

- **a.** 2592
- **b.** 4851
- **c.** 111111
- **d.** 15!

**Exercise 3.** Prove the following generalization of the multiplicative property of  $\varphi$ : for  $m, n \in \mathbb{N}$ , if d = (m, n), then

$$\varphi(mn)\varphi(d) = \varphi(m)\varphi(n)d.$$

[Suggestion: Use the formula  $\varphi(a) = a \prod_{p|a} (1 - p^{-1}).$ ]

**Exercise 4.** Let  $m, n \in \mathbb{N}$  with m|n. Prove that  $\varphi(mn) = m\varphi(n)$ . [Suggestion: See the suggestion for the previous exercise and show that p|mn if and only if p|n.]