

## Partial Differential Equations Spring 2018

Assignment 1 Due January 16

**Exercise 1.** Show that  $u(x,y) = x^3 - 3xy^2$  and  $u(x,y) = e^{x^2 - y^2} \cos 2xy$  are solutions of the two-dimensional Laplace equation  $\Delta u = 0$ .

Exercise 2. Show that

$$u(x,t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{4\pi c^2 t}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{4c^2 t}\right)$$

is a solution of the one-dimensional heat equation  $u_t = c^2 u_{xx}$ .

**Exercise 3.** Show that  $u(r,\theta) = \ln r$  and  $u(r,\theta) = r \cos \theta$  are both solutions to the PDE

$$u_{rr} + \frac{1}{r}u_r + \frac{1}{r^2}u_{\theta\theta} = 0.$$

**Exercise 4.** Let f be a differentiable function of one variable. Show that

$$u(x,t) = f(x-vt)$$

is a solution to the one-dimensional transport equation

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + v \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 0.$$

Use this fact to find the solution that satisfies the *initial condition* 

$$u(x,0) = \frac{1}{x^2 + 1}.$$

[Suggestion: Set t = 0 above and solve for f.]