



Exercise 1. Consider the radiating end heat problem

$$\begin{aligned}u_t &= 9u_{xx}, \quad 0 < x < 2, \quad t > 0, \\u(0, t) &= 0, \quad t > 0, \\u_x(2, t) &= -4u(2, t), \quad t > 0, \\u(x, 0) &= \begin{cases} 100 & \text{if } 0 < x \leq 1, \\ 0 & \text{if } 1 < x < 2. \end{cases}\end{aligned}\tag{1}$$

- a. Solve (1) using a generalized Fourier series as we did in class. Express your answer in terms of the positive solutions μ_n to $\tan(\mu L) = -\mu/\kappa$.
- b. For $1 \leq n \leq 5$, numerically evaluate μ_n and the generalized Fourier coefficients c_n to four decimal places.
- c. Use part **b** to write out the first 5 terms of the solution to (1).

Exercise 2. Textbook exercise 3.6.10.

Exercise 3. Show that if $\mu > 0$ satisfies $\tan(\mu L) = -\mu/\kappa$ ($\kappa, L > 0$), then

$$\int_0^L \sin^2(\mu x) dx = \frac{\kappa L + \cos^2(\mu L)}{2\kappa}.$$

[*Suggestion:* Use a half-angle formula to integrate sine squared.]