



Exercise 1. Let G be a group and $H < G$. The *normalizer of H in G* is

$$N_G(H) = \{x \in G \mid xHx^{-1} = H\}.$$

- a. Prove that $N_G(H)$ is a subgroup of G containing H , and that H is normal in $N_G(H)$.
- b. Prove that the set $\{xHx^{-1} \mid x \in G\}$ of conjugates of H is in one to one correspondence with the left cosets of $N_G(H)$ in G .

Exercise 2. Let G be a group and $H < G$. The *centralizer of H in G* is

$$Z_G(H) = \{x \in G \mid xy = yx \text{ for all } y \in H\}.$$

Prove that $Z_G(H)$ is a normal subgroup of $N_G(H)$.

Exercise 3. Let G be a group, $H < G$. Recall the homomorphism $T : G \rightarrow \text{Perm}(G/H)$ of Lang, II.4.28, which is defined by $x \mapsto T_x$, where $T_x(yH) = xyH$. Prove that

$$\ker T = \bigcap_{x \in G} xHx^{-1},$$

the so-called *normal core* of H .