Modern Algebra Spring 2023

Assignment 4.2
Due February 9

## Exercise 1.

Let $a, b, c \in Z$ with $d=\operatorname{gcd}(a, b) \neq 0$, so that $\frac{a}{d}, \frac{b}{d} \in \mathbb{Z}$. Use Bézout's Lemma to prove the following.
a. $\operatorname{gcd}\left(\frac{a}{d}, \frac{b}{d}\right)=1$. [Suggestion. Apply Bézout's Lemma to $\operatorname{gcd}(a, b)$, then divide everything by $d$.]
b. [Euclid's Lemma] If $\operatorname{gcd}(a, b)=1$ and $a \mid b c$, then $a \mid c$. [Suggestion. Apply Bézout's Lemma to $\operatorname{gcd}(a, b)$, then multiply everything by $c$.]
c. Recall that a positive integer $p \geq 2$ is called prime if its only divisors in $\mathbb{N}$ are 1 and $p$. Use part $\mathbf{b}$ to show that if $p$ is prime and $p \mid a b$, then $p \mid a$ or $p \mid b$.

Exercise 2. Use the fact that 1 has order 30 to compute the order of every element in $\mathbb{Z}_{30}$.

Exercise 3. Lang, Exercise II.1.16.

